

#### INDIA: END OF THE SUGAR CYCLE? PRESENTED BY: ABINASH VERMA, DG, ISMA

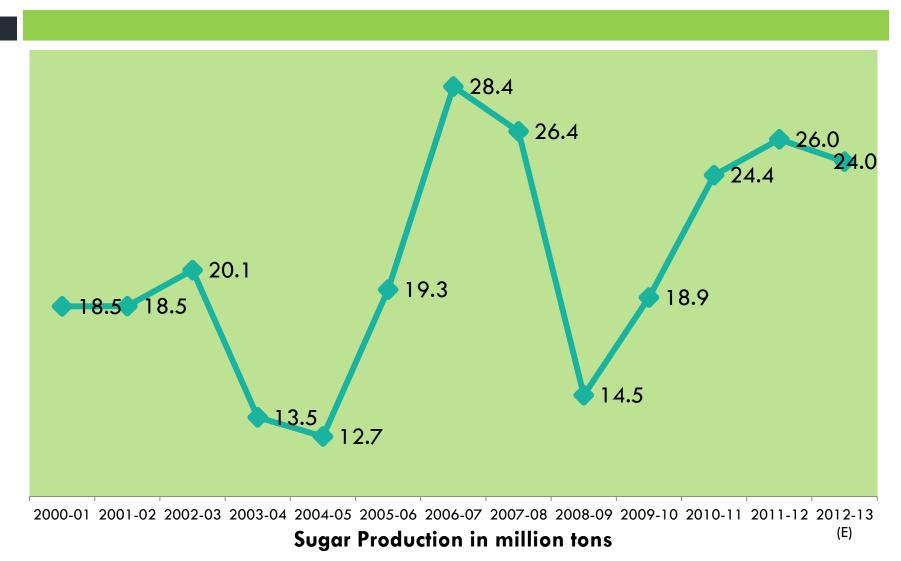


# **Outline of Presentation**

□ The Indian Sugar Cycle □ Factors impacting the Cycle  $\square$  Do we see an end to the Cycle? □ Can the Cycle be better Managed?  $\square$  2012-13 and 2013-14 seasons



### **Sugar Production Cycle in last 10 years**



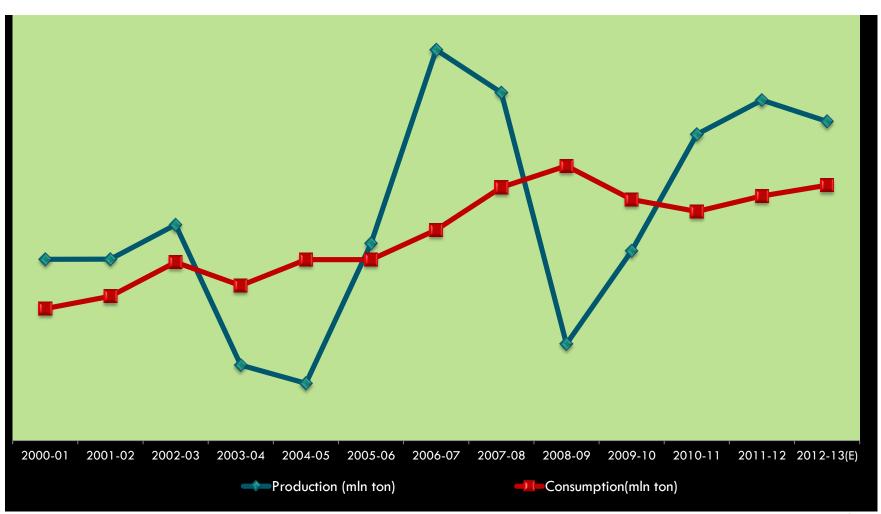


# The year-wise swings: Since 2000-01

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Period	No. of seasons	Range (mn tons)	Swing from previous high/low (mn tons)	Swing %
00-01 to 02-03	3	18.5 to 20.1		
03-04 to 04-05	2	13.5 to 12.7	(-) 6.6	(-)33%
05-06 to 07-08	3	19.3 to 28.4	(+) 6.6	(+)52%
08-09 to 09-10	2	14.5 to 18.9	(-) 11.9	(-)42%
10-11 to 12-13	3	24.0 to 26.2	(+) 5.5	(+)29%

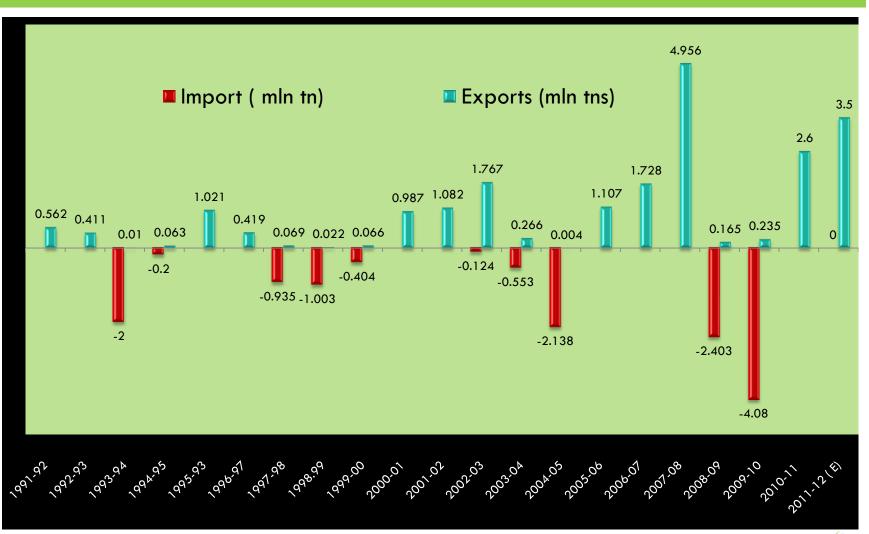


### **Production–Consumption in last ten years**





### Cyclical sugar trade in last 20 years.....





#### Therefore, The Cycle is .....

7

- □ Indian sugar production follows a 5 year cycle
  - □ 2 to 3 year of high production; followed by
  - □ 2 to 3 years of low production; and vice versa ....
- □ Consumption growth is linear
- □ Results in huge swings in the sugar equation



# **Outline of Presentation**

# □ The Indian Sugar Cycle

# **□** Factors impacting the Cycle

#### Do we see an end to the Cycle?

## □ Can the Cycle be better Managed?

### □ 2012-13 and 2013-14 seasons



# Sugar production dependant on .....

**1.** Cane production

□Area under sugarcane

□ Weather & Rainfall

2. Cane drawal by sugar industry

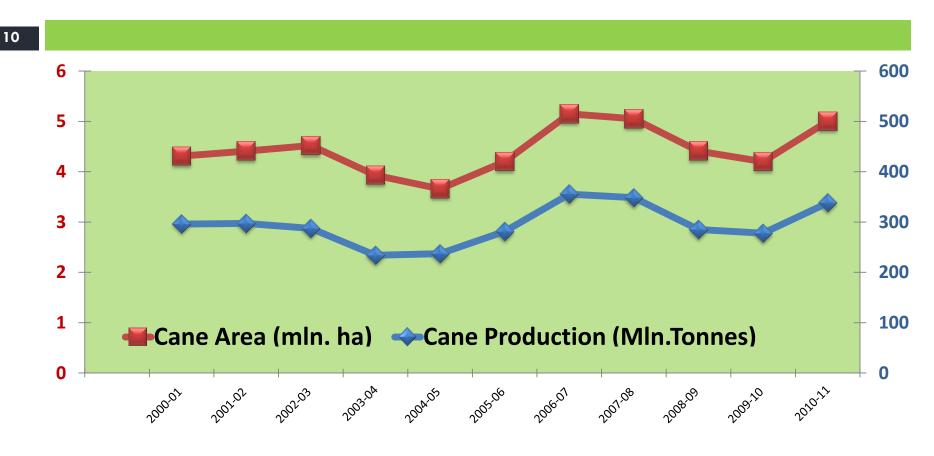
□ Price of cane offered by sugar industry

Diversion into gur, khandsari etc.

3. Government policies



### Fluctuations in cane area and production

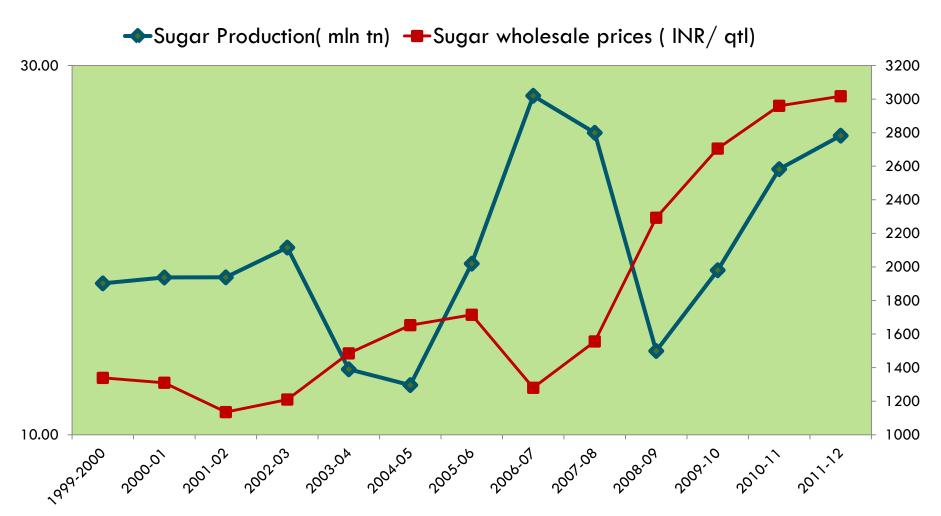


Price for cane and Arrears of farmers

Returns from alternative crops like wheat, paddy, cotton, turmeric etc.

# **Sugar Production & Sugar Price**





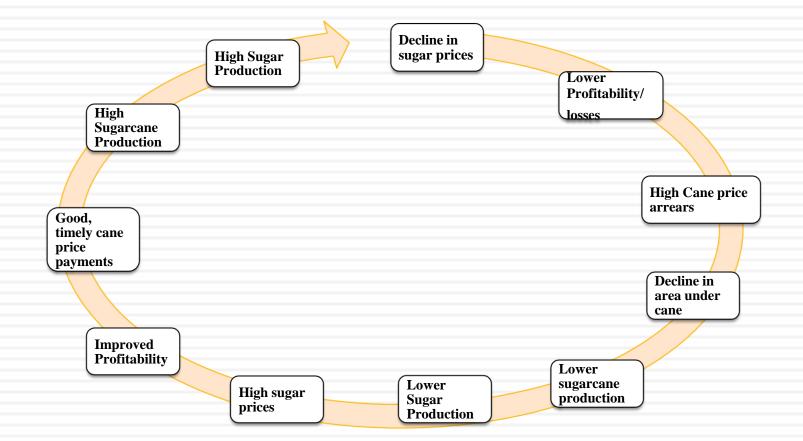


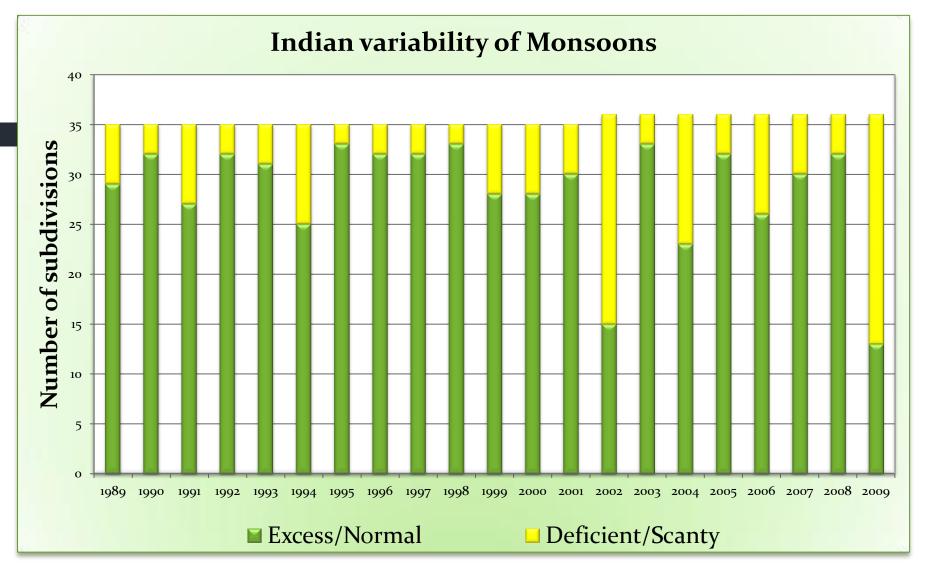
#### Cane Price Arrears (as on 30<sup>th</sup> June in Rs. crore)





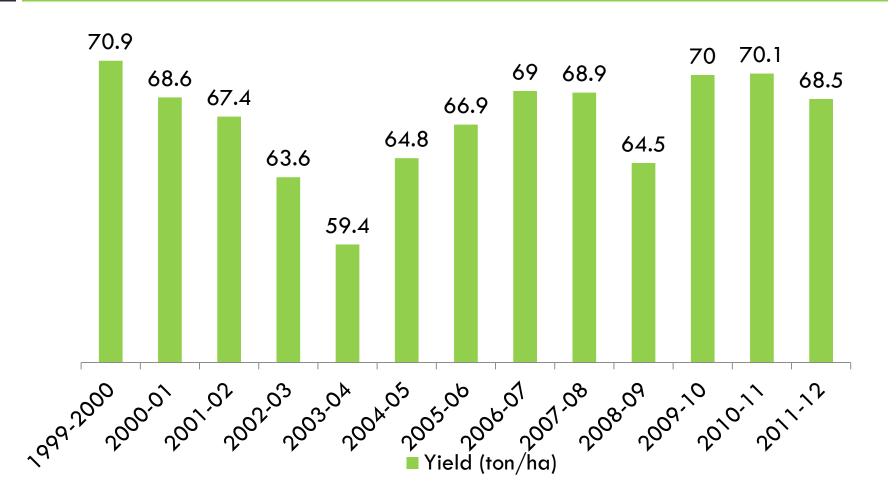
# The Indian Sugar Cycle





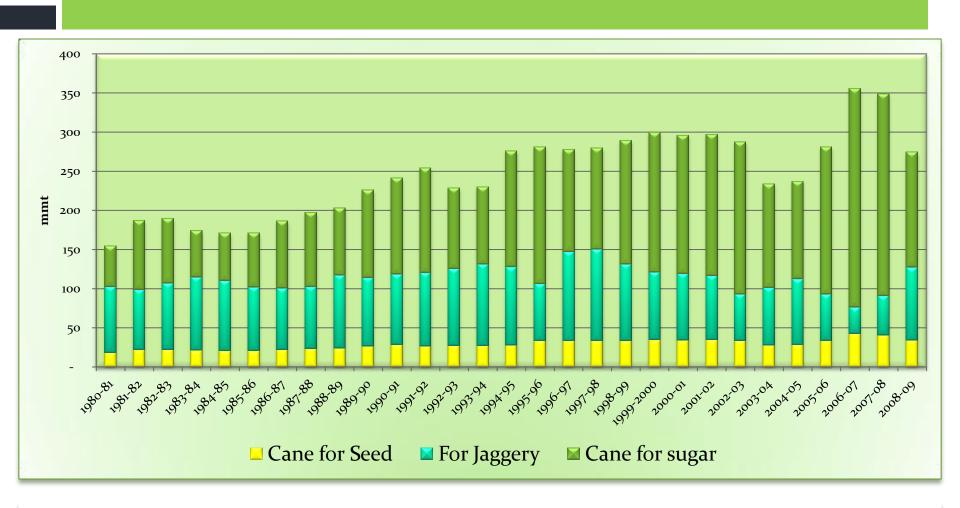
- Although 93% of India's cane crop is irrigated, performance of the 4 month (Jun-Sept) monsoon season has a significant impact on crop output
- □ This affects yield as well as sucrose formation impacting sugar recovery

#### **Cane Yield**





# **Cane diversion for alternate sweeteners**

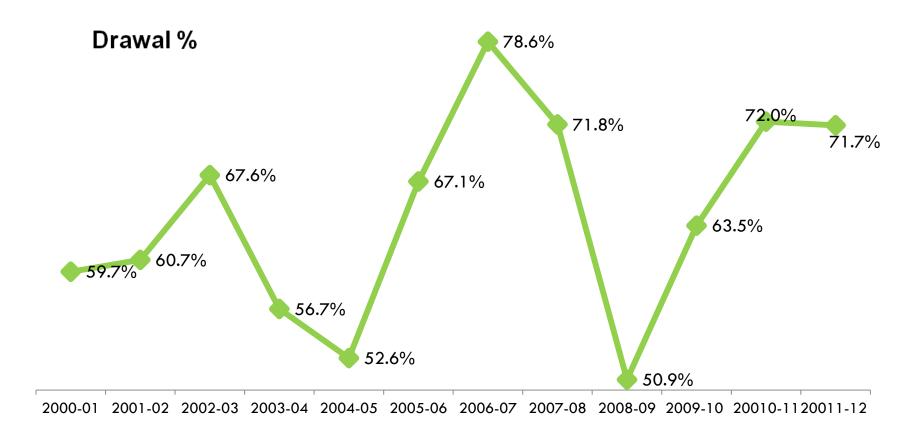


Substantial variation in yearly drawals

- Higher drawals in low production years and lower in high production years

indian sugar mills association

# **Cane drawal by sugar industry**





# **Policy Contribution to the Cyclicality**

- Regulated Release Mechanism
  - Control on sugar prices & Blockage of working capital
- □ Levy Sugar Obligation on mills
  - Carry forward of levy sugar, blockage of capital
- □ Export-Import of Sugar
  - Timing and quantity permissions
- □ Cane Price
  - Unreasonably high and no linkage with sugar price



#### **Cane Price Arrears vis-à-vis Sugar Inventory**



- Cane price arrears directly related to sugar inventory which industry forced to carry
- Industry has no control on cash flow which are need to pay cane price to farmers during crushing season.



# **Outline of Presentation**

□ The Indian Sugar Cycle

Factors impacting the Cycle

**Do we see an end to the Cycle?** 

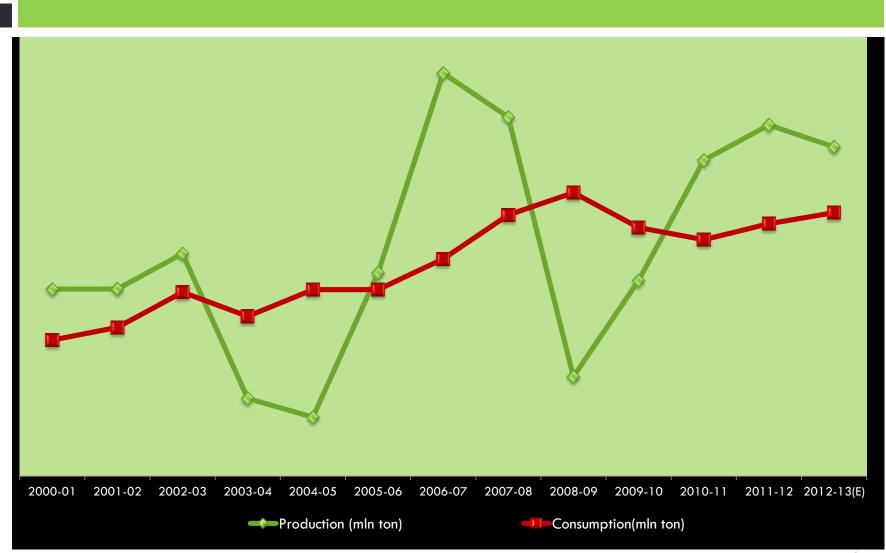
□ Can the Cycle be better Managed?

□ 2012-13 and 2013-14 seasons



### **Production–Consumption in last ten years**

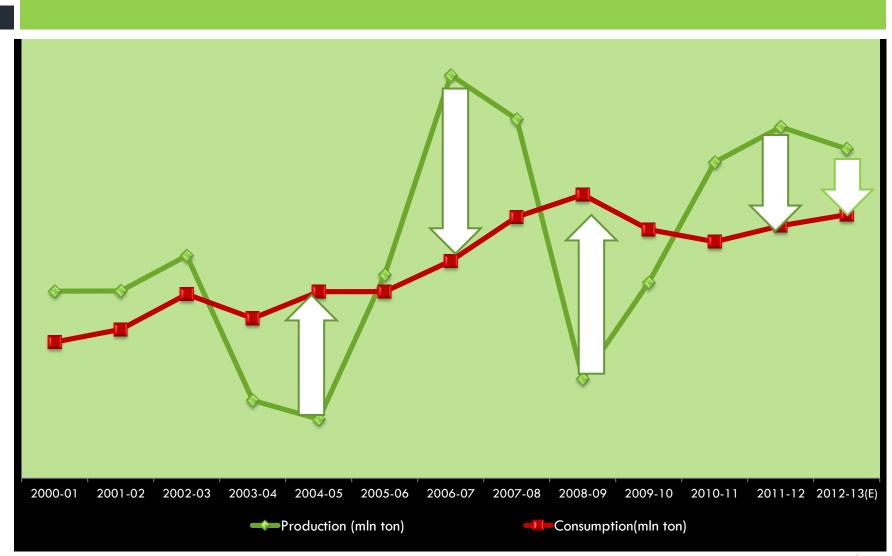
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### **Production–Consumption in last ten years**

22





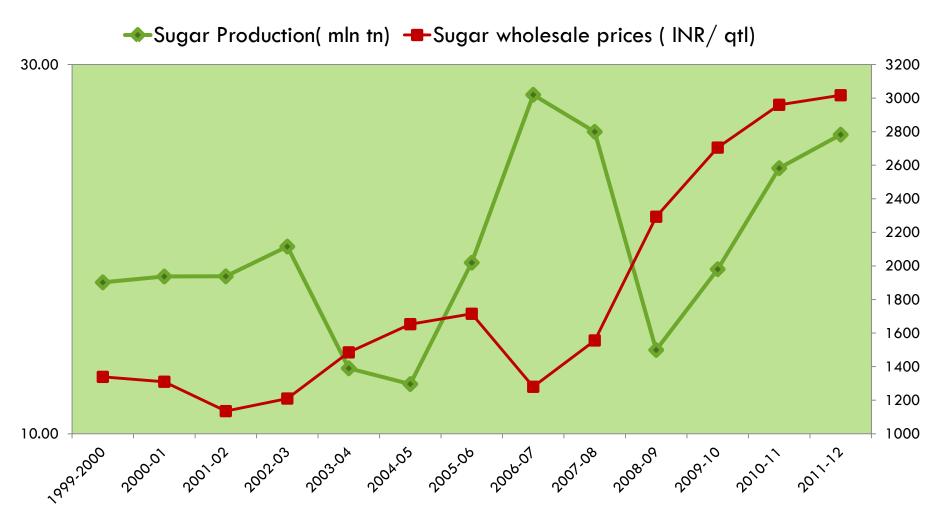
# Policy front .....

- □ Permissions in last 2 years for exporting the surplus
  - **Timing and Quantities**
  - Market for Indian sugar
- □ Cash Flow needs better met
  - Quarterly release mechanism
  - □ Levy sugar: Conversions and 'Carry forward' rule
- □ Sugar price vis-à-vis cost of production
  - Government and public awareness and acceptance



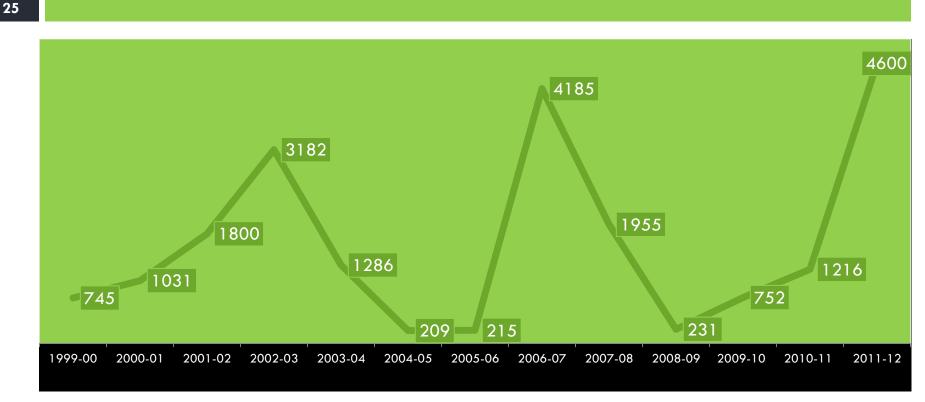
# **Sugar Production & Sugar Price**







# **Cane Price Arrears**



- High Cane Price Arrears are <u>usually</u> followed by fall in Cane
  Acreage and fall in sugar production
- $\Box$  It is not expected to happen in <u>2012-13</u>



### **Diversion of cane and area**

- $\Box$  Price of competing crops
  - Returns to farmers from wheat, paddy, cotton, turmeric etc.
- □ Cane drawal for gur, jaggery, khandsari etc.
  - Price offered by alternate sweetener manufacturers



# **Outline of Presentation**

- □ The Indian Sugar Cycle
- □ Factors impacting the Cycle
- □ Do we see an end to the Cycle?
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- □ 2012-13 and 2013-14 seasons



# Management of the Surplus: suggestions

- □ Freedom from Government controls
- □ Cane price sugar price linkage
- $\Box$  Freer trade policy
- □ Diversion of surplus cane into ethanol
- □ Diversion to alternate sweeteners

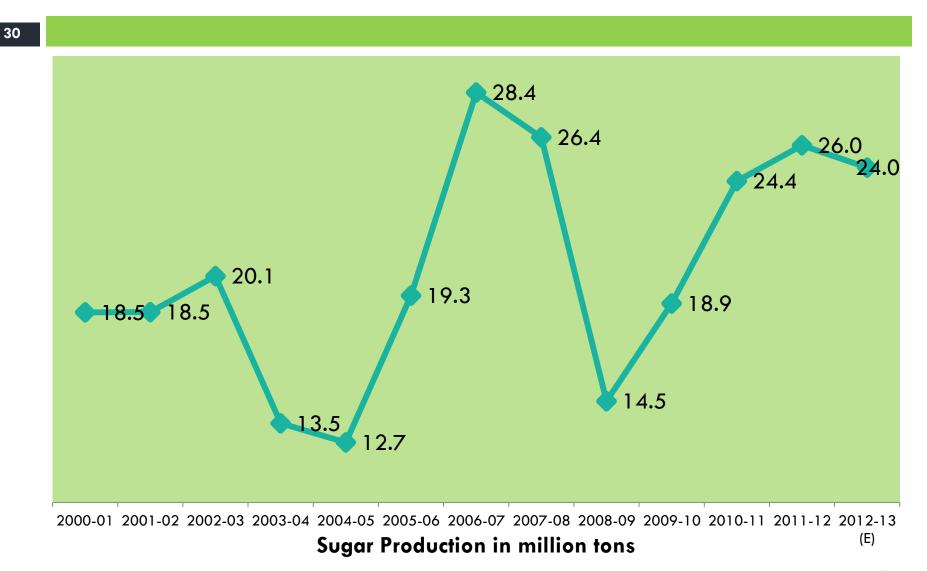


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### **Sugar Production Cycle in last 10 years**





#### 2012-13 and 2013-14: Will the Cycle come back?

#### □ 2012-13:

- Very good cane price in 2011-12
- □ Cane area higher by 4% over previous 2 seasons
- Doubts regarding rainfall in Maharashtra and Karnataka
- Rains have picked up in last 2 weeks
- Highest ever cane area in Uttar Pradesh
- Estimated sugar production of 24.0 million tons



#### 2012-13 and 2013-14: Will the Cycle come back?

#### □ 2013-14:

- Price for competing crops vis-a-vis cane price
- Cane price arrears in 2012-13?
  - Sugar prices covering cost of production
- Surplus sugar in 2012-13 not as large as in previous years
- With some late rainfall and the outcome of retreating monsoon, reservoirs in Maharashtra and Karnataka may have more water
  - 18 month crop in Maharashtra showing signs of picking up
- However, still very early to estimate, but indications as of now do not indicate a swing in cane area or fall in sugar production



